



Signature Verbs Extension



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Data Integrity Field (DIF)



- Used to provide data block integrity check capabilities (CRC) for block storage (SCSI)
- Proposed by the T10 committee
- DIX extends the support to main memory
- Motivation:
 - Data integrity checks are included in:
 - memory bus
 - I/O bus (PCI-e)
 - internal chips
 - RAID controller within arrays
 - network packet interfaces
 - Missing data protection: storage controller
 - iSCSI can DMA wrong pages from memory and calculate checksum on these pages
 - Array may receive incorrect data and use it to generate RAID parity blocks
 - Disks may write to the wrong logical block

What is DIF

• The standard specify an additional 8 byte field designated for data integrity/protection for each data block (usually of size 512 bytes but not a must).

- GUARD tag (Logical Block Guarding):
 - 16-bit CRC covering the hardware sector
 - Regardless of sector size
 - 4096 KB sectors appear only to gain momentum in lower end
- REFERENCE tag (Misdirected writes):
 - 4 bytes depend on protection type
 - For Type 1 protection, REF tag contains lower 32 bits of LBA
 - For Type 2 protection, REF tag has to match LBA in CDB + N
 - Wraps at 2TB with 512 byte sectors, 16TB with 4KB
- APPLICATION tag (Up for grabs):
 - 2 bytes per sector
 - Ownership negotiated with target



Reference Tag

32 Bits =

Guard Block



System Architecture





System Architecture





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Signature Verbs - Actions



- 1. Allocate Signature enabled memory regions
 mr_init_attr.flags |= IB_MR_SIGNATURE_EN;
 sig_mr = ib_create_mr(pd, &mr_init_attr);

- 3.5. do RDMA (data-transfer) Leverage existing verbs support

4. Check Signature status

ret = ib_check_mr_status(sig_mr, IB_MR_CHECK_SIG_STATUS, &mr_status);

Leverage Extended User Mode Memory Registration



- Memory Key Creation: Support combining contiguous registered memory regions into a single memory region. H/W treats them as a single contiguous region (and handles the non-contiguous regions)
- For a given memory region, supports non-contiguous access to memory, using a regular structure representation base pointer, element length, stride, repeat count.
 - Can combine these from multiple different memory keys
- Memory descriptors are created by posting WQE's to fill in the memory key
- Supports local and remote non-contiguous memory access
 - Eliminates the need for some memory copies

Combining Contiguous Memory Regions



OPENFABRICS

Non-Contiguous Memory Access – Regular Access





Non-Contiguous Memory Access – Regular Access

Wire

Memory









OPENFABRICS





Thank You



